WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 4042

BY DELEGATES WESTFALL, ATKINSON, WAGNER, DEAN AND FRICH

[Passed March 9, 2018; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §17C-6-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to redefining school zone.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 6. SPEED RESTRICTIONS.

§17C-6-1. Speed limitations generally; penalty.

(a) No person may drive a vehicle on a highway at a speed greater than is reasonable and
prudent under the existing conditions and the actual and potential hazards. In every event speed
shall be controlled as necessary to avoid colliding with any person, vehicle or other conveyance
on or entering the highways in compliance with legal requirements and the duty of all persons to
use due care.

6 (b) Where no special hazard exists that requires lower speed for compliance with 7 subsection (a) of this section, the speed of any vehicle not in excess of the limits specified in this 8 section or established as authorized in this section is lawful, but any speed in excess of the limits 9 specified in this subsection or established as authorized in this section is unlawful. The following 10 speed limits apply:

11 (1) Fifteen miles per hour in a school zone during school recess or while children are going 12 to or leaving school during opening or closing hours. A school zone is all school property, including 13 school grounds and any street or highway abutting the school grounds and extending one 14 hundred twenty-five feet along the street or highway from the school grounds and, in the case of 15 school property not abutting a street or highway but accessed through a right-of-way granted for 16 entrance to school property, a school zone established by an engineering study conducted by the 17 Division of Highways is all school property, including school grounds and any property within the 18 access right-of-way, and extending one hundred twenty-five feet along the street or highway from 19 the entrance to the access right-of-way. The West Virginia Division of Highways shall erect 20 signage indicating the place of entry and exit of each school zone. Upon a formal vote and a 21 written request by a county board of education to expand a school zone to a road that is adjacent

22 to school property or from the entrance to an access right-of-way, the West Virginia Division of Highways shall expand the school zone by erecting new signage indicating the expanded school 23 24 zone's location and speed limit within ninety days of receiving the request: Provided. That the 25 school zone may not be expanded more than one hundred twenty-five feet along an adjacent 26 road unless the division determines that the additional extension is needed and necessary for the 27 safety of the school children. The speed restriction does not apply to vehicles traveling on a 28 controlled-access highway which is separated from the school or school grounds by a fence or 29 barrier approved by the Division of Highways:

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(2) Twenty-five miles per hour in any business or residence district; and

31 (3) Fifty-five miles per hour on open country highways, except as otherwise provided by32 this chapter.

33 The speeds set forth in this section may be altered as authorized in sections two and three34 of this article.

35 (c) The driver of every vehicle shall, consistent with the requirements of subsection (a) of 36 this section, drive at an appropriate reduced speed when approaching and crossing an 37 intersection or railway grade crossing, when approaching and going around a curve, when 38 approaching a hill crest, when traveling upon any narrow or winding roadway and when a special 39 hazard exists with respect to pedestrians or other traffic or by reason of weather or highway 40 conditions.

(d) The speed limit on controlled access highways and interstate highways, where no
special hazard exists that requires a lower speed, shall be not less than fifty-five miles per hour
and the speed limits specified in subsection (b) of this section do not apply.

(e) Unless otherwise provided in this section, any person who violates the provisions of
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than
\$100; upon a second conviction within one year thereafter, shall be fined not more than \$200;
and, upon a third or subsequent conviction within two years thereafter, shall be fined not more

48 than \$500: *Provided*, That if the third or subsequent conviction is based upon a violation of the 49 provisions of this section where the offender exceeded the speed limit by fifteen miles per hour 50 or more, then upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$500 or confined in jail for not more 51 than six months, or both fined and confined.

52 (f) Any person who violates the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section 53 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor 54 more than \$500: Provided, That if the conviction is based upon a violation of the provisions of 55 subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section where the offender exceeded the speed limit by 56 fifteen miles per hour or more in the presence of one or more children, then upon conviction, shall 57 be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 or confined in jail for not more than six months, 58 or both fined and confined: Provided, however, That if the signage required by subdivision (1) is 59 not present in the school zone at the time of the violation, then any person who violates said 60 provision is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than 61 \$25.

(g) If an owner or driver is arrested under the provisions of this section for the offense of
driving above the posted speed limit on a controlled access highway or interstate highway and if
the evidence shows that the motor vehicle was being operated at ten miles per hour or less above
the speed limit, then, upon conviction thereof, that person shall be fined not more than \$5, plus
court costs.

(h) Any person operating a commercial motor vehicle engaged in the transportation of coal
on the coal resource transportation road system who violates subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this
section shall, upon conviction, be subject to fines in triple the amount otherwise provided in
subsection (e) of this section.

(i) If an owner or driver is convicted under the provisions of this section for the offense of
driving above the speed limit on a controlled access highway or interstate highway of this state
and if the evidence shows that the motor vehicle was being operated at ten miles per hour or less

above the speed limit, then notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code, a certified abstract of the judgment on the conviction shall not be transmitted to the Division of Motor Vehicles: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subsection do not apply to conviction of owners or drivers who have been issued a commercial driver's license as defined in chapter seventeen-e of this code, if the offense was committed while operating a commercial vehicle.

80 (i) If an owner or driver is convicted in another state for the offense of driving above the 81 maximum speed limit on a controlled access highway or interstate highway and if the maximum 82 speed limit in the other state is less than the maximum speed limit for a comparable controlled access highway or interstate highway in this state, and if the evidence shows that the motor 83 84 vehicle was being operated at ten miles per hour or less above what would be the maximum 85 speed limit for a comparable controlled access highway or interstate highway in this state, then 86 notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code, a 87 certified abstract of the judgment on the conviction shall not be transmitted to the Division of Motor 88 Vehicles or, if transmitted, shall not be recorded by the division, unless within a reasonable time 89 after conviction, the person convicted has failed to pay all fines and costs imposed by the other 90 state: Provided, That the provisions of this subsection do not apply to conviction of owners or 91 drivers who have been issued a commercial driver's license as defined in chapter seventeen-e of 92 this code, if the offense was committed while operating a commercial vehicle.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman, House Committee

Chairman, Senate Committee

Originating in the House.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

The within, this the, 2018.

Governor